

Part 1

Summary and Explanation

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

The Council's Constitution

Hambleton District Council's Constitution sets out how the Council operates, how decisions are made and the procedures which are followed to ensure that these are efficient, transparent and accountable to local people. Some of these processes are required by the law, while others are a matter for the Council to choose.

The Constitution is divided into 16 Articles which set out the basic rules governing the Council's business. More detailed procedures and codes of practice are provided in separate rules and protocols at the end of the document.

What's in the Constitution?

Article 1 of the Constitution commits the Council to accountable governance, community leadership, improvement, quality and equality in service delivery. Articles 2 – 16 explain the rights of citizens and how the key parts of the Council operate. These are:

- Members of the Council (Article 2).
- Citizens and the Council (Article 3).
- The Council meeting (Article 4).
- Chairing the Council (Article 5).
- Scrutiny of decisions (Article 6).
- The Cabinet (Article 7).
- Other Committees (Article 8).
- Area Forums (Article 9).
- Joint arrangements (Article 10).
- Officers (Article 11).
- Decision making (Article 12).
- Appointments to Outside Bodies (Article 13).
- Finance, contracts and legal matters (Article 14).
- Review and revision of the Constitution (Article 15).
- Suspension, interpretation and publication of the Constitution (Article 16).

How the Council operates

The Council is composed of 28 Councillors elected every four years. Councillors are democratically accountable to residents of their ward. The overriding duty of Councillors is to the whole community, but they have a special duty to their constituents, including those who did not vote for them.

Councillors have to agree to follow a code of conduct to ensure high standards in the way they undertake their duties. The Audit, Governance and Standards Committee has responsibility for probity issues.

All Councillors meet together as the Council. Meetings of the Council are normally open to the public. Here Councillors decide the Council's overall policies and set the budget each year. The Council appoints the Leader who in turn appoints his/her Cabinet from amongst the elected Councillors. The Council also appoints councillors to its Scrutiny Committee, the Planning Committee, the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee and various Panels. The Scrutiny Committee is the primary means of holding the Cabinet to account who in turn report direct to the Council.

How Decisions are Made

The Cabinet is the part of the Council which is responsible for most day-to-day decisions. The Cabinet is made up of the Leader and up to six other Councillors who he/she appoints. When major decisions are to be discussed or made, these are published in the Cabinet's forward plan where they can be anticipated. If these major decisions are to be discussed with Council officers at a meeting of the Cabinet, this will generally be open for the public to attend except where personal or confidential matters are being discussed. The Cabinet has to make decisions which are in line with the Council's overall policies and budget. If it wishes to make a decision which is outside the budget or policy framework, this must be referred to the Council as a whole to decide.

Scrutiny

There is one Scrutiny Committee which supports the work of the Cabinet and the Council as a whole. It allows citizens to have a greater say in Council matters by holding public inquiries into matters of local concern. These lead to reports and recommendations which advise the Cabinet and the Council as a whole on its policies, budget and service delivery. The Scrutiny Committee also monitors the decisions of the Cabinet. It can 'call-in' a decision which has been made by the Cabinet and officers, but not yet implemented. This enables it to consider whether the decision is appropriate. It may recommend that the Cabinet reconsider the decision. It may also be consulted by the Cabinet or the Council on forthcoming decisions and the development of policy.

The Council's staff

The Council has people working for it (called 'officers') to give advice, implement decisions and manage the day to day delivery of its services. Some officers have a specific duty to ensure that the Council acts within the law and uses its resources wisely. A protocol governs the relationships between officers and Members of the Council.

Citizens' Rights

Citizens have a number of rights in their dealings with the Council. These are set out in more detail in Article 3. Some of these are legal rights, whilst others depend on the Council's own processes.

Where members of the public use specific Council services, they have additional rights. These are not covered in this Constitution.

Citizens have the right to:

- vote at local elections if they are registered;
- contact their local Councillor about any matters of concern to them;
- obtain a copy of the Constitution;
- attend meetings of the Council, the Cabinet and Committees except where, for example, personal or confidential matters are being discussed;
- petition to request a referendum on a Mayoral form of Executive;
- contribute to investigations by the Scrutiny Committee where determined as part of the Committee's line of inquiry;
- find out, from the Cabinet's forward plan, what major decisions are to be discussed by the Cabinet or decided by the Cabinet or officers, and when;
- see agendas, reports and background papers, and any record of decisions made by the Council, the Cabinet and committees where these are not confidential;
- complain to the Council about dissatisfaction with a service received or the way an individual was treated;
- complain to the Ombudsman if they think the Council has not followed its procedures properly. However, they are encouraged to use the Council's own complaints process first;
- inspect the Council's accounts and make their views known to the external auditor.

The Council welcomes participation by its citizens in its work. For further information on your rights as a citizen, please contact the Chief Executive Officer.